

## English: will-future Solution

**A** Fill in 'll, will or won't.

6. A cigarette factory \_\_\_\_\_ **will** \_\_\_\_\_ close.
7. Everyone \_\_\_\_\_ **won't** \_\_\_\_\_ have a great job.
8. It 'll\_\_\_\_\_ / **won't** \_\_\_\_\_ rain tomorrow.
9. Holidays \_\_\_\_\_ **will** / **won't** \_\_\_\_\_ start earlier next year.
10. The shops \_\_\_\_\_ **won't** \_\_\_\_\_ open on Sundays.

**B** Fill in 'll, will or won't and translate the verb from German into English.

6. My mother \_\_\_\_\_ **will buy** \_\_\_\_\_ (kaufen) a brand new plane.
7. He 'll\_\_\_\_\_ **be** \_\_\_\_\_ (sein) a good football player.
8. In 2016 or 2017 I 'll\_ **leave** \_\_\_\_\_ (verlassen) the school.
9. You \_\_\_\_\_ **won't arrive** \_\_\_\_\_ (nicht ankommen) in Spain on Monday.
10. Mrs. Burton \_\_\_\_\_ **will cook** \_\_\_\_\_ ( kochen) a very nice meal.

**C** Translate.

Mein Bruder wird reich werden.

**My brother will become rich.**

Ich werde eine gute Lehrstelle bekommen.

**I will get a good apprenticeship.**

Das Wetter wird schön sein am Sonntag.

**The weather will be nice on Sunday.**

reich = rich  
Bruder = brother  
Lehrstelle =  
apprenticeship  
Wetter = weather  
bekommen = get  
Sonntag = Sunday

## Possessivpronomen (Besitzanzeigendes Fürwort)

### Lösung

2. YOU: Where is Julia's classroom?  
TONY: **Her** classroom is behind this door.
3. YOU: Where is my mother?  
TONY: **Your** mother is in the house.
4. YOU: Where is Michael's father?  
TONY: **His** father is in the taxi.
5. YOU: Where are Ben's and Jack's pencil cases?  
TONY: **Their** pencil cases are in their school bags.
6. YOU: Where is your friend?  
TONY: **My** friend is in school.
7. YOU: Where are your parents?  
TONY and MICKEY: **Our** parents are out.

# Reflexive Pronouns

## Solution (Lösung)

1. Tim hurt **\_himself\_** while he was fixing his bike.
2. At 12 o'clock, Henry and I went to the food store to buy **\_\_\_ourselves\_\_\_** some lunch.
3. When I saw **\_\_\_myself\_\_\_** in the mirror, I was horrified -- there was blood on my hair!
4. I'll help Sarah with her homework, but Sheila can do it **\_\_\_herself\_\_\_**, because her French is excellent.
5. Mary and her husband own their own company, so they can give **\_\_\_themselves\_\_\_** a holiday any time they like.
1. Did you go to classes to learn knitting, or did you teach **\_\_\_yourself\_\_\_**?
2. Welcome to the party, everyone! Just help **\_\_\_yourselves\_\_\_** to drinks and snacks.
3. Look! There's a little cat washing **\_\_\_itself\_\_\_** in the river.
4. The bear scratched **\_\_\_itself\_\_\_**.
5. God helps those who help **\_\_\_themselves\_\_\_**.
6. I put the blanket over **\_\_\_myself\_\_\_**.
7. You should do **\_\_\_yourself\_\_\_** a favor.
8. Pit has a high opinion of **\_\_\_himself\_\_\_**.
9. They prepared **\_\_\_themselves\_\_\_** for the evening.
10. My radio turns **\_\_\_itself\_\_\_** off.
11. Sheila loves **\_\_\_herself\_\_\_**.
12. I burned **\_\_\_myself\_\_\_**.
13. We bought **\_\_\_ourselves\_\_\_** a new fridge.
14. Peter congratulated **\_\_\_himself\_\_\_**.
15. Don't ask for help. Try it **\_\_\_yourself\_\_\_**.

## Possessive adjectives Solution

personal pronoun	German	English
I	mein(e)	<i>my</i>
you	dein(e)	<i>your</i>
he	sein(e)	<i>his</i>
she	ihr(e)	<i>her</i>
it	sein (von „es“)	<i>its</i>
we	unser(e)	<i>our</i>
you	euer/eure	<i>your</i>
they	ihr(e)	<i>their</i>

- I like her voice. (talk about Lisa)
- That's Robert. His grandfather plays the electric guitar.
- My dog's name is Benno. Its/His\* eyes are brown.
- "Hi! My name's Joanna. My brother's name is Tom. His eyes are green."
- "Is this your cat?" – "Yes, that's definitely my cat".
- "Where are our children?" – "It's okay, darling, they are in the house."
- These are Lucy and Joe. Their bikes are new.
- That's Joanna. Her father is a doctor.
- My cat is sleeping. Its/Her/His bed is in my room.
- "That's our new house. We really like it!"
- "Is this your classroom?" – "Yes, we always have our lessons in here."
- "What's your name?" – "My name's Alicia."

\* family animals: he/she is possible ➡ his/her

## Solution

### prepositions in expressions of place

by, near the window

at, under, on the table

over, above, below the cupboard

in front of, behind, in, outside the house

against the wall

round the table

opposite her mother

among her classmates

between her brother and her sister

beside the door

in, at bei Städten und Orten

I live in Berlin.

The train stops at Berlin-Zoo.

with, at bei Personen

He spends his summer

holidays at his aunt's.

Since her mother died she has

been living with her

grandparents.

### Choose the correct prepositions

1. Last week there was a terrible storm **in** England.
2. I met him **at** the bus stop.
3. The sky **above** was grey.
4. The shirt costs **over** \$ 10.
5. The dog is lying **under** the table.
6. The people who live **below** us are always very noisy.
7. Our house is **between** the school and the factory.
8. Peter is somewhere **among** the children.
9. There has never been a fence **between** the two houses.
10. If you go **behind** the house you can see the sea.
11. John arrived **after** me.
12. The car is standing **in front of** the house.
13. His name should come **before** mine in the list.
14. Mother put the blanket **over** the bed.
15. The temperature was **above** zero.
16. She put the English Grammar **under** her pillow.
17. The wreck lies some hundred feet **below** sea level.
18. I discovered him **among** the people in the queue.
19. You'll find his house **behind** the church.
20. He always hides things **under** the bed.

preposition in expression of direction

on, onto, from, off the roof

over the fence

towards, to, into, out of, past the house

along, across the road

after the cat

up, down the hill

through, round the park

in, into

She went **into** the shop to buy a book.

She put some sugar **in** her tea.

Choose the correct preposition

**Solution**

1. The policeman ran **after** the burglar.
  2. The thief climbed **over** the wall and tried to escape.
  3. A person came **towards** us, but after 10 metres he stopped.
  4. The farmer went **across** the field **to** the cows.
  5. There was a NO SMOKING sign **on** the opposite wall.
  6. At the next stop an elderly man came **into** the compartment and put his luggage **on** the rack.
  7. Jack looked **out of** the window. The train was going **past** a small farm.
  8. A police car comes **along** the street.
  9. Crowds of people were running **past** our house.
  10. Suddenly the sun broke **through** the fog.
  11. The boat goes **up** the river.
  12. David dressed in a hurry and dashed **out of** his cabin.
  13. The child fell **off** the chair.
  14. The two boys were pushed **down** the gangway by the crowd of passengers.
  15. Please, don't put your feet **on** the sofa.
-